

**MAT 1175 – COURSE REVIEW #2**

1. a) Divide and simplify:  $\frac{x^2 - 9}{x^2 + 6x - 7} \div \frac{x^2 - x - 6}{3x + 21}$       b) Divide by long division:  $\frac{3y^2 - 4y + 3}{y - 2}$

2. a) Combine into one fraction:  $\frac{2x}{x-3} - \frac{3}{4}$       b) Solve for  $y$ :  $\frac{y+2}{4y} - \frac{1}{2} = \frac{y-9}{10y}$

3. a) Simplify and combine:  $3\sqrt{32x^3} - x\sqrt{18x}$       b) Rationalize and simplify:  $3\sqrt{\frac{x^2}{6}}$

4. Solve the following system **graphically**:

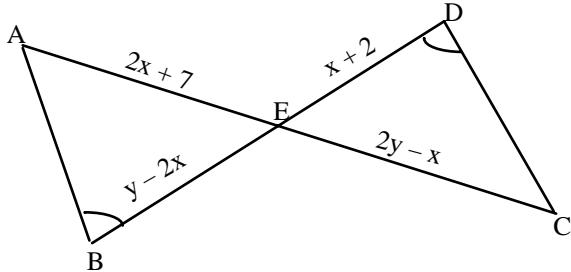
$$\begin{aligned} 2x - y &= 5 \\ x + y &= 4 \end{aligned}$$

5. Solve for  $x$  using the **quadratic formula**. Leave the answer in the simplest radical form.

$$x^2 - 10x + 7 = 0$$

6. a) Simplify:  $\frac{8}{3-\sqrt{5}}$       b) Find the product:  $(x-\sqrt{3})(x+\sqrt{3})$

7. If  $\angle B = \angle D$  and  $AE = EC$   
 a) Show that  $\triangle ABE \cong \triangle CDE$   
 b) Solve for  $x$  and  $y$   
 c) Find the lengths of  $AC$  and  $BD$



8. a) Solve for  $x$ :  $\sqrt{x+1} + 5 = x$

c) Simplify:  $\frac{4x^{-3}y^{-3}}{6xy^{-5}}$

b) Simplify:  $\frac{(3x^3)^2}{5x^{-3}}$

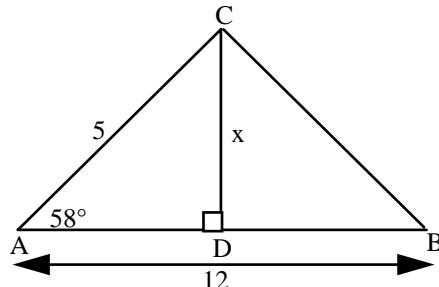
9. If  $AC = 5$ ,  $AB = 12$ , and  $\angle A = 58^\circ$ ,  
 a) Find  $x$  (round to the nearest tenth).

$$\sin 58^\circ = .8480$$

$$\cos 58^\circ = .5299$$

$$\tan 58^\circ = 1.6003$$

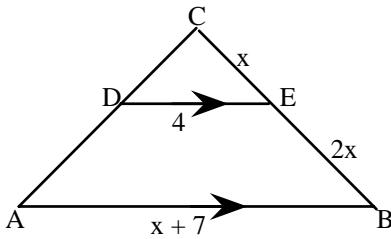
- b) Find the area of  $\triangle ABC$  (round to the nearest tenth).



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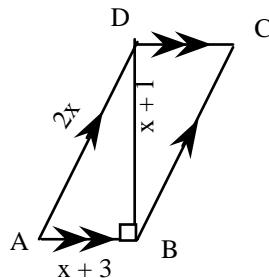
10. If DE is parallel to AB,

- a) Show that  $\triangle ACB$  and  $\triangle DCE$  are similar  
(give reasons)  
b) Solve for  $x$ , CE, CB, and AB



11. If ABCD is a parallelogram and  $\angle DBA$  is  $90^\circ$ ,

- a) Solve for  $x$ , AB, DB, and AD.  
b) Find the area of the parallelogram ABCD.

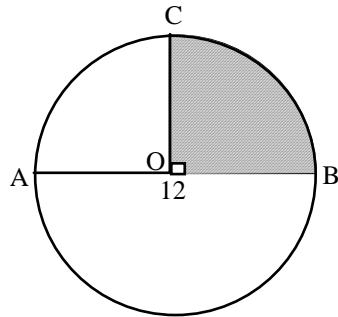


12. Given  $\triangle ABC$  with  $AC = \frac{3x}{2} - 3y$ ,  $AB = 2x - y$  and  $\triangle DEF$  with  $DE = 6y + 2$  and  $DF = \frac{5x}{4} - 2y$ .

If  $\angle B = \angle E$  and  $\angle C = \angle F$  and  $EF = BC$ , state why the triangles are congruent and find  $x$  and  $y$ .

13. If the diameter  $AOB = 12$  and  $\angle COB = 90^\circ$

- a) Find the circumference of the circle  
(round to the nearest tenth).  
b) Find the area of the shaded sector  
(round to the nearest tenth).



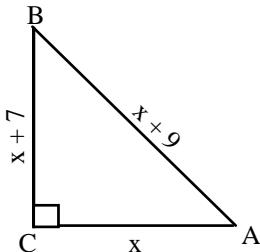
14. Simplify:  $\frac{6x^2 - 7x - 3}{3x + 1}$

15. a) Combine:  $5\sqrt{12} + 7\sqrt{27}$

- b) Find the product & simplify:  $(5\sqrt{2})(3 - \sqrt{6})$

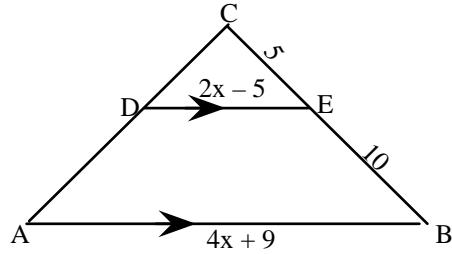
16. In the right triangle  $\triangle ABC$ ,  $\angle C = 90^\circ$ ,  $AC = x$ ,  $BC = x + 7$ ,  $AB = x + 9$

- a) Find  $x$   
b) Find all three sides of  $\triangle ABC$   
c) Find the area of  $\triangle ABC$

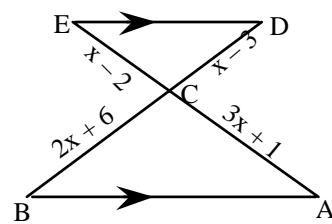


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17. If  $ED \parallel AB$ , find  $x$ .



18. If  $DE \parallel AB$ , solve for  $x$ .

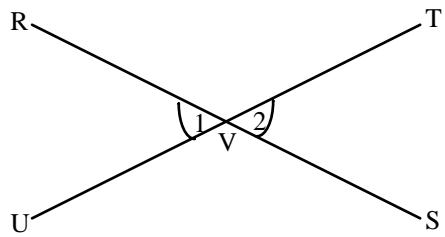


19. Given the vertical angles 1 and 2, solve for  $x$  if:

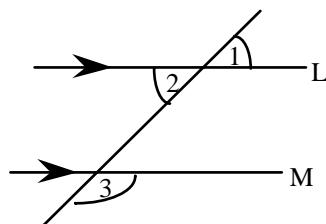
a)  $\angle 1 = 48 - 3x$   
 $\angle 2 = 2x + 43$

b)  $\angle 1 = \frac{3}{2}x + 12$   
 $\angle 2 = \frac{7}{2}x - 12$

c)  $\angle 1 = x^2$   
 $\angle 2 = 6x$



20. If  $L \parallel M$  and  $\angle 1 = 9x - \frac{8}{3}y$ ,  $\angle 2 = 7x + \frac{y}{3}$ ,  
and  $\angle 3 = 3x - \frac{y}{3}$ , solve for  $x$  and  $y$ .



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### ANSWERS:

1. a)  $\frac{3(x+3)}{(x-1)(x+2)}$

2. a)  $\frac{5x+9}{4(x-3)}$

3. a)  $9x\sqrt{2x}$

4.  $x = 3, y = 1$

5.  $5 \pm 3\sqrt{2}$

6. a)  $2(3 + \sqrt{5})$

7. a)  $\angle ABE = \angle CED$  (vertical angles)  
 $\angle ABE = \angle CDE$  given  
 $AE = CE$  given  
 $AAS = AAS$

8. a)  $x = 8, x = 3$  (*reject*)

9. a) 4.2

10. a)  $\angle CDE = \angle CAB; \angle CED = \angle CBA$   
(2 angles on the same side of parallel lines  
and on the same side of the transversal are =)  
If 2 angles in 2 triangles are equal, then the  
triangles are similar.

11. a)  $x = 5; AB = 8; DB = 6; AD = 10$

12. ASA = ASA;  $x = 8; y = 2$

13. a) 37.7

14.  $2x - 3$

15. a)  $31\sqrt{3}$

16. a) 8

17. 12

18.  $x = 9$

19. a) 1

b)  $3y + 2 + \frac{7}{y-2}$

b)  $y = 4$

b)  $\frac{x\sqrt{6}}{2}$

b)  $x^2 - 2x\sqrt{3} + 3$

b)  $x = 1, y = 5$

c)  $AC = 18, BD = 6$

b)  $\frac{9x^9}{5}$

c)  $\frac{2y^2}{3x^4}$

b) 25.2 sq. units

b)  $x = 5; CE = 5; CB = 15; AB = 12$

b) 48 sq. units

b) 28.3

b)  $15\sqrt{2} - 10\sqrt{3}$

b)  $AC = 8; BC = 15; AB = 17$       c) 60 sq. units

b) 12

c) 6

**20.**     $x = 18$ ;  $y = 12$